FIG. 12: A 19-year-old woman with lymphatic malformation of the right axilla.
A and B: Coronal T₂-weighted spin-echo fat-saturated MRIs demonstrate large cystic cavity in right axilla (straight arrows) with malformation extending down over the medial aspect of the right upper arm.
C: Direct ultrasound-guided puncture of malformation with 18-gauge needle (arrow) and injection of a larger pocket of 8 mL of absolute alcohol, opacified with metrizamide powder. The alcohol was left in place for approximately 10 min and then aspirated.